

Multi-Asset Solutions Weekly Commentary April 14, 2025

▲ What We're Watching:

- ▲ Quarterly reporting season ramps up in a big way this week with 44 S&P 500 constituents slated to post results. Names such as Bank of America, Goldman Sachs, Netflix, and UnitedHealth Group are reporting this week, and could dictate the near-term direction for stocks, assuming an absence of market-moving news on the tariff/trade front.
- ▲ March Retail Sales are released Wednesday with the consensus expecting Control Group sales to rise 0.6% after a 1.0% rise in February.
- Initial Jobless Claims for the week ending April 12 and Continuing Claims for the week ending April 5 are released Thursday. Initial claims for unemployment insurance are expected to rise modestly to 225k from 223k the prior week.

▲ Key Observations:

- ▲ The U.S. announced a 90-day pause on reciprocal tariffs on its trading partners, excluding China, mid-day on Wednesday which led to short covering and a sizable rally in U.S. equity indices. The S&P 500 turned out its best one-day performance since October of 2008 on Wednesday, but market participants appeared eager to sell into any strength and forced the S&P 500 sharply lower on Thursday. Friday initially had the feel of a buyer's strike as market participants didn't want to be too long or too short going into a weekend, but stocks staged an afternoon rally as investors positioned for some positive market moving news.
- ▲ Treasury yields rose sharply over the balance of the week due to concerns that liquidity was drying up and that governments and central banks abroad would be less willing to buy U.S. government debt in the coming quarters as they seek leverage in trade negotiations. Results from 10- and 30-year Treasury auctions midweek were encouraging and briefly allayed concerns surrounding demand from abroad. The move higher in yields appeared to attract some buyers late in the day Friday and the 10-year yield closed just a few basis points shy of 4.50%.
- ▲ The U.S. Dollar Index (DXY) weakened materially over the balance of the week, closing at its lowest level in three years. Dollar weakness alongside the sharp rise in Treasury yields is a worrisome combination as it points toward capital flight out of the U.S. The trend of capital being repatriated abroad may have further to go, putting additional downward pressure on the dollar and upward pressure on yields, providing a tailwind for foreign stocks and bonds and a headwind for U.S.-based assets.

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	Price/Yield Total Return (%)						
	4/11/2025	1 Week Ago	1 Month Ago	Year to Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
S&P 500	5363.36	5.73	-4.10	-8.47	4.57	8.51	15.74
NASDAQ	16724.46	7.30	-5.18	-13.23	2.44	8.61	16.34
S&P Mid Cap 400	2722.55	2.81	-6.11	-12.40	-6.18	3.20	13.14
S&P Small Cap 600	1164.74	0.78	-8.18	-16.89	-8.20	-1.15	11.16
MSCI World ex US	326.04	-0.32	-5.39	0.79	2.82	3.98	9.13
MSCI EM	1045.20	-3.82	-5.65	-2.20	1.48	0.65	5.86
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate	4.86	-2.54	-0.96	1.06	5.25	0.71	-0.90
Bloomberg Corporate	5.55	-2.82	-1.76	-0.24	4.38	1.34	0.46
Bloomberg U.S.High Yield	8.58	-0.70	-2.70	-1.42	6.12	4.81	6.11
Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate	7.04	-2.45	-2.86	-0.60	5.58	3.31	2.33
Bloomberg Global Aggregate	3.66	-0.44	1.32	3.76	6.08	-0.38	-1.27
Bloomberg Municipal Bond	4.29	-3.99	-3.01	-2.78	-0.42	1.07	0.56
	Price/Yield						
	4/11/2025	1 Week Ago	1 Month Ago	12/31/2024	1 Year Ago	3 Years Ago	5 Years Ag
SOFR (yield)	4.37	4.35	4.32	4.49	5.31	0.30	0.01
30 Year Mortgage (average rate)	6.76	6.71	6.70	7.28	7.41	5.14	3.69
2 Year Treasury (yield)	3.96	3.65	3.94	4.24	4.96	2.50	0.23
10 Year Treasury (yield)	4.49	3.99	4.28	4.57	4.59	2.78	0.72
30 Year Treasury (yield)	4.87	4.41	4.59	4.78	4.68	2.81	1.34
WTI Crude (closing price)	61.50	61.99	66.25	71.72	85.02	94.29	22.76
Gold (NYM \$/oz)	3222.20	3012.00	2920.90	2641.00	2354.80	1944.30	1736.20

Source: Bloomberg (3- and 5-Year Annualized)

What Happened Last Week:

- Stocks: Tariff Pause, Well-Received Treasury Auctions Force Short Covering, But This Remains A 'Sell The Rips' Market; (Very) Early Returns From Earnings Season Encouraging; Take Note When Stocks Rise On 'Bad News;'
- ▲ Announcement Of 90-Day Tariff Hiatus Spurs A Relief Rally, But This Still Has The Feel Of A 'Sell The Rips' Market As Trade Uncertainty Persists. The S&P 500 closed out a volatile week sharply higher, as U.S. large-cap stocks turned out a 5.7% gain and recouped some of the prior week's sizable loss. Volatility remained elevated throughout the week as the S&P 500 traded in a 9% trough-to-peak range on Monday, which was both awe inspiring and unsettling, but that volatility paled in comparison to Wednesday's 9.5% rally which saw the index higher by over 10% intraday, as the index turned out its best single day return since October of 2008. The equally weighted S&P 500 rose 8% in Wednesday's rebound, evidence of strong breadth, but many of the stocks that turned out the largest one-day gains were the most beaten down and heavily shorted names in the market, leading us to the view that the bulk of Wednesday's rally was driven by short covering, not longonly investors buying the dip. This view was reinforced by the S&P 500 selling off by 3.4% on Thursday as investors took advantage of the market bounce to exit positions and rehedge portfolios to prepare for a potential re-test of the Wednesday low. While the announcement of the 90-day pause on reciprocal tariffs is an undeniable positive, a 10%
- blanketed tariff remains in place on all U.S. trading partners, and the Trump administration has levied 145% tariffs on Chinese imports to the U.S., which is, in effect, a trade embargo on Chinese goods. The tariffs that are currently in place will lead to supply chain shifts and potentially rising costs in addition to tariffs, most of which could be passed through to retailers and consumers in the coming months. To what degree these higher costs negatively impact corporate profits remains to be seen, and a cloud of policy uncertainty will remain over stocks as market participants attempt to reevaluate what they are willing to pay for an increasingly uncertain earnings outlook. We expect continued volatility and continue to wait patiently for U.S. stocks to find support and carve out a base before becoming more constructive.
- ▲ When 'Bad News' Lifts Stocks Take Note. Prior to Wednesday's announcement that tariffs on a broad swath of our trading partners would be paused for 90-days, household names Delta and Walmart both withdrew earnings guidance before the market opened, citing tariff uncertainty as the primary reason for doing so. We weren't surprised that these companies decided not to provide an earnings outlook and we expect most of the S&P 500 to do the same when they post quarterly results in the coming months. However, we were surprised at the share price reaction to the news as both Delta and Walmart were top-5 performers in the index even prior to the tariff announcement spurring a broad-based rally.



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- ▲ Little Lift For Small Caps Despite Tariff Delay. News of the 90-day stay on tariffs mid-week brought about a lift in domestic equities, broadly speaking, but the S&P Small Cap 600 lagged the S&P 500 in all five trading days last week and rose just 0.7% on the week. This is a sign that investors don't believe the tariff reprieve will leave companies heavily tied to U.S. economic growth in the clear. Market participants appear concerned that 10% blanketed tariffs on the U.S.' trading partners threaten already thin profit margins of smaller U.S. companies, and the backup in interest rates last week only fueled pessimism surrounding companies already struggling with higher financing costs. Technical indicators are suggesting pessimism could be peaking as just 13% of S&P 600 constituents were trading above their 200-day moving average late last week, a level last seen in late 2022 and early 2020. This has been a painful re-rating for small caps, with the forward price to earnings ratio for the S&P Small Cap 600 going from 15.7x at the start of the year to now just 10.9x halfway through April, but the multiple has only finished the month below the current level five times in the last 20-years. A steep valuation discount isn't enough on its own to warrant new capital moving into this segment of stocks, in our view, but assets trading this cheap can see strong reversals and rallies, particularly in bear markets, justifying continued exposure to this cohort of stocks.
- ▲ U.S./China Tensions Ripple Through Mainland Markets. Last week we entered the escalation phase of what has the look of a trade war between the world's two largest economies, the U.S. and China. The MSCI China index fell by 8.8% over the course of the week while U.S. large cap stocks gained 5.7% as the two countries hurled titfor-tat tariffs at one another. At current lofty levels there is little reason to raise import taxes further, so we could be set to enter a new phase of these 'negotiations.' One commonality both countries share is the belief that they are in a position of strength and that the other will cave first, as President Trump has stated his belief China will come to the negotiating table while Chinese officials appear content to endure near-term pain after taking countermeasures. Policy makers in China floated potential stimulus measures last week to help mitigate the negative impacts of decreased U.S. demand, likely depreciating the yuan to increase their ability to ease policy, or even stepping in to buy financial assets. This duel has room to devolve further as the prospect

- of delisting Chinese ADRs in the U.S. has been tossed around, but neither country stands to benefit economically from escalating the situation. Outside of China, broader emerging markets benefited from the steep drop in the U.S. dollar as the MSCI Emerging Equity Index generated a 1.6% total return, breaking a three-week losing streak for the benchmark.
- A Bonds: A Rollercoaster Week For Treasury Yields Ends With The 10-Year Yield 50-Basis Points Higher; A Trio Of Closely Watched Treasury Auctions Shows Robust Demand From Abroad; March CPI Cools More Than Expected, But Has Little Impact On Yields As It Is Viewed As A One-Off.
- Sharp, Unsettling Rise In Treasury Yields Has Our Attention. Volatility in the rates market ramped up last week with the ICE BofA MOVE Index, the bond market's version of the VIX, making a new 12-month high as 10-year yields topped 4.5%. The 10-year Treasury yield closed higher every day last week and jumped by 26-basis points on Monday alone on its way to a jaw dropping 50-basis point weekly rise. At least part of the sharp run-up in rates was chalked up to the potential unwind of the oft-discussed basis trade put on by leveraged hedge funds. Simplistically, the basis trade is an attempt to take advantage of perceived mispricing between Treasury bonds and corresponding futures. For instance, if a specific futures contract is cheaper than the cash bond, hedge funds buy the futures exposure to profit when they ultimately converge to one another at expiration. That trade on its own is fairly low risk and low return, but to increase the return funds add leverage, far more leverage than would be acceptable on riskier assets due to the low-risk nature of the trade. Issues arise for the basis trade when interest rate volatility spikes as it did last Monday as those trades take on losses and create deleveraging that shakes out traders before the futures can converge to the underlying cash bond. Another oddity is the dollar decline last week despite Treasury yields moving sharply higher, which is a potential sign that foreign Treasury holders are moving out of U.S. government debt with depressed trading flows requiring fewer U.S. dollar-denominated assets to balance their respective currencies.



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- ▲ Trio Of Treasury Auctions Garner Attention, Allay Concerns Surrounding Demand From Abroad. The U.S. Treasury auctioned off \$58B of 3-year notes on Tuesday, \$39B of 10year notes on Wednesday and closed out the week with a \$22B issue of 30-year bonds on Thursday. More than any other auctions in recent memory, the 10- and 30-year issues were closely watched due to rising fears of decreased demand for U.S. Treasuries from foreign central banks. While this is a significant amount of supply, the results of these auctions, particularly for the 10- and 30-year securities, allayed those concerns as issuance was met with strong demand from abroad. Indirect bidders, most often foreign governments or central banks abroad, took down 67% of the 10-year auction and just shy of 62% of the 30-year issue, figures above recent auction averages that indicate foreign buyers are still very interested in buying/owning long-dated U.S. Treasuries. The recent back-up in yields likely helped generate interest, and the U.S. dollar continuing to slide in recent weeks has lowered hedging costs for some foreign buyers, making U.S. Treasuries relatively more appealing.
- ▲ Inflation Cools In March But Appears To Be A One-Off Rainer Than The Start Of A Trend. The March Consumer Price Index (CPI) was released Thursday with the headline reading falling 0.1% month over month, below the +0.1% consensus estimate, and year over year CPI came in at 2.4%, below the 2.5% estimate and the 2.8% reading in February. Core CPI, which is more closely watched by policymakers, rose just 0.1% month over month, also below the 0.3% estimate, and year over year core CPI rose 2.8%, below the 3.0% estimate. Falling energy prices, air fares, and lodging rates put downward pressure on the March CPI, while rising prices for used motor vehicles acted as a partial offset. While the CPI release was better than feared, with 10% tariffs going into effect on the U.S.' trading partners last week and with few signs that tariffs were passed through to retailers and consumers in March, market participants appeared to be rightfully skeptical that this is the start of a sustainable trend of lower inflation readings. The cooling March CPI is likely to be a one-off and Treasury yields were little changed on the heels of the release, while Fed funds futures were pricing in three 25-basis point cuts by year-end on Friday, a downshift from the four quarter-point cuts expected at the end of the prior week.

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